

Table 1: Known infinite families of APN power functions over \mathbb{F}_{2^n}

Family	Exponent	Conditions	Algebraic degree	Source
Gold	$2^i + 1$	$\gcd(i, n) = 1$	2	[14, 21]
Kasami	$2^{2i} - 2^i + 1$	$\gcd(i, n) = 1$	$i + 1$	[17, 18]
Welch	$2^t + 3$	$n = 2t + 1$	3	[12]
Niho	$2^t + 2^{t/2} - 1, t$ even $2^t + 2^{(3t+1)/2} - 1, t$ odd	$n = 2t + 1$	$(t + 2)/2$ $t + 1$	[11]
Inverse	$2^{2t} - 1$	$n = 2t + 1$	$n - 1$	[1, 21]
Dobbertin	$2^{4i} + 2^{3i} + 2^{2i} + 2^i - 1$	$n = 5i$	$i + 3$	[13]

Table 2: Known infinite families of quadratic APN polynomials over \mathbb{F}_{2^n} in univariate form

ID	Functions	Conditions	Source
F1- F2	$x^{2^s+1} + u^{2^k-1}x^{2^{ik}+2^{mk+s}}$	$n = pk, \gcd(k, 3) = \gcd(s, 3k) = 1, p \in \{3, 4\}, i = sk \bmod p, m = p - i, n \geq 12, u$ primitive in $\mathbb{F}_{2^n}^*$	[5]
F3	$sx^{q+1} + x^{2^i+1} + x^{q(2^i+1)} + cx^{2^i q+1} + c^q x^{2^i+q}$	$q = 2^m, n = 2m, \gcd(i, m) = 1, c \in \mathbb{F}_{2^n}, s \in \mathbb{F}_{2^n} \setminus \mathbb{F}_q, X^{2^i+1} + cX^{2^i} + c^q X + 1$ has no solution x s.t. $x^{q+1} = 1$	[4]
F4	$x^3 + a^{-1}\text{Tr}_n(a^3x^9)$	$a \neq 0$	[6]
F5	$x^3 + a^{-1}\text{Tr}_3^n(a^3x^9 + a^6x^{18})$	$3 n, a \neq 0$	[7]
F6	$x^3 + a^{-1}\text{Tr}_3^n(a^6x^{18} + a^{12}x^{36})$	$3 n, a \neq 0$	[7]
F7- F9	$ux^{2^s+1} + u^{2^k}x^{2^{-k}+2^{k+s}} + vx^{2^{-k}+1} + wu^{2^k+1}x^{2^s+2^{k+s}}$	$n = 3k, \gcd(k, 3) = \gcd(s, 3k) = 1, v, w \in \mathbb{F}_{2^k}, vw \neq 1, 3 (k + s), u$ primitive in $\mathbb{F}_{2^n}^*$	[2]
F10	$a^2x^{2^{2m+1}+1} + b^2x^{2^{m+1}+1} + ax^{2^{2m}+2} + bx^{2^m+2} + (c^2 + c)x^3$	$n = 3m, m$ odd, $L(x) = ax^{2^{2m}} + bx^{2^m} + cx$ satisfies the conditions of Lemma 8 of [3]	[3]
F11	$x^3 + a(x^{2^i+1})^{2^k} + bx^{3 \cdot 2^m} + c(x^{2^i+m+2^m})^{2^k}$	$n = 2m = 10, (a, b, c) = (\beta, 0, 0), i = 3, k = 2, \beta$ primitive in \mathbb{F}_{2^2} $n = 2m, m$ odd, $3 \nmid m, (a, b, c) = (\beta, \beta^2, 1), \beta$ primitive in $\mathbb{F}_{2^2}, i \in \{m - 2, m, 2m - 1, (m - 2)^{-1} \bmod n\}$ if k is even and $i \in \{m + 2, m, (m + 2)^{-1} \bmod n\}$ if k is odd	[8]
F12	$a\text{Tr}_m^n(bx^{2^i+1}) + a^q\text{Tr}_m^n(cx^{2^s+1})$	$n = 2m, m$ odd, $q = 2^m, a \notin \mathbb{F}_q, \gcd(i, n) = 1, i, s, b, c$ satisfy the conditions of Theorem 2	[23]
F13	$L(z)^{2^m+1} + vz^{2^m+1}$	$\gcd(s, m) = 1, v \in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}^*, \mu \in \mathbb{F}_{2^{3m}}^* : \mu^{2^{2m}+2^m+1} \neq 1, L(z) = z^{2^{m+s}} + \mu z^{2^s} + z$ permutes $\mathbb{F}_{2^{3m}}$	[20]

Table 3: Known infinite families of quadratic APN polynomials over $\mathbb{F}_{2^{2m}}$ in bivariate form

ID	Functions	Conditions	Source
F14	$(xy, x^{2^k+1} + \alpha y^{(2^k+1)2^i})$	i even, $\gcd(k, m) = 1$, m even, α not a cube	[24]
F15	$(xy, x^{2^{2i}+2^{3i}} + ax^{2^{2i}}y^{2^i} + by^{2^i+1})$	$\gcd(i, m) = 1$, $a \in \mathbb{F}_2$, $x^{2^i+1} + ax + b$ has no root in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}	[22]
F16	$(xy, x^{2^i+1} + x^{2^{i+m/2}}y^{2^{m/2}} + bxy^{2^i} + cy^{2^i+1})$	$\gcd(i, m) = 1$, $(cx^{2^i+1} + bx^{2^i} + 1)^{2^{m/2}+1} + x^{2^{m/2}+1}$ has no roots in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}	[9]
F17	$(x^{2^i+1} + xy^{2^i} + y^{2^i+1}, x^{2^{2i}+1} + x^{2^{2i}}y + y^{2^{2i}+1})$	$\gcd(3i, m) = 1$	[15]
F18	$(x^{2^i+1} + xy^{2^i} + y^{2^i+1}, x^{2^{3i}}y + xy^{2^{3i}})$	$\gcd(3i, m) = 1$, m odd	[15]
F19	$(x^3 + xy^2 + y^3 + xy, x^5 + x^4y + y^5 + xy + x^2y^2)$	$\gcd(3, m) = 1$	[20]
F20	$(x^{q+1} + By^{q+1}, x^r y + \frac{a}{B}xy^r)$	$0 < k < m$, $q = 2^k$, $r = 2^{k+m/2}$, $m \equiv 2 \pmod{4}$, $\gcd(k, m) = 1$, $a \in \mathbb{F}_{2^{m/2}}^*$, $B \in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}$, B not a cube, $B^{q+r} \neq a^{q+1}$	[16]
F21	$(x^{q+1} + xy^q + \alpha y^{q+1}, x^{q^2+1} + \alpha x^{q^2}y + (1 + \alpha)^q xy^{q^2} + \alpha y^{q^2+1})$	$k, m > 0$, $\gcd(k, m) = 1$, $q = 2^k$, $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}$, $x^{q+1} + x + \alpha$ has no roots in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}	[10]
F22	$(x^3 + xy + xy^2 + \alpha y^3, x^5 + xy + \alpha x^2y^2 + \alpha x^4y + (1 + \alpha)^2 xy^4 + \alpha y^5)$	$\alpha \in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}$, $x^3 + x + \alpha$ has no roots in \mathbb{F}_{2^m}	[10]

Table 4: Known infinite families of quadratic APN polynomials over $\mathbb{F}_{2^{3m}}$ in trivariate form

ID	Functions	Conditions	Source
F23	$(x^{q+1} + x^qz + yz^q, x^qz + y^{q+1}, xy^q + y^qz + z^{q+1})$	$\gcd(m, 7) = 1$, $q = 2^i$, $\gcd(i, m) = 1$ and the bivariate polynomial in [19, Conjecture 6] has no root	[19]
F24	$(x^{q+1} + xy^q + yz^q, xy^q + z^{q+1}, x^qz + y^{q+1} + y^qz)$	$\gcd(m, 7) = 1$, $q = 2^i$, $\gcd(i, m) = 1$ and the bivariate polynomial in [19, Conjecture 11] has no root	[19]

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